

AGITATORS GIVEN A COAT OF TAR

NONPARTISAN LEAGUE ORGANIZERS ROUGHLY HANDLED
BY KANSAS MOB.

J. O. Stevie, State Organizer of the League and A. A. Parsons, State Secretary of the Organization, Warned to Keep Out of Barton County.

Great Bend, Kan.—A coat of tar was the reception given to the latest Nonpartisan League "invasion" of Barton County here. A mob of more than 200 men, many of them members of the American Legion, from Lyons, Ellinwood and this city, took J. O. Stevie, state organizer of the league, and A. A. Parsons, state secretary of the organization, to a spot a few miles north of the city, where they forced the two men to daub themselves with tar and then roll in grass. Their clothes then were returned to them and they were warned to stay out of Barton County.

J. Ralph Burton, former United States Senator, and recently a member of the party from Salina which investigated and "whitewashed" the Nonpartisan League's nomination in North Dakota, and Prof. Wilson, one of the organizers of the league, were escorted from the city. It is believed that they went as far away as possible, and were not molested.

Burton and Wilson were on their way to Ellinwood, where they were to speak. When they did not appear there, Stevie and Parsons came to Great Bend to learn what had become of them.

An "escort" also was provided for them and they were taken to Silica, about five miles southeast of Ellinwood, and told not to come back. Later American Legion men and others at Lyons learned that Stevie and Parsons were back in Ellinwood.

Numbering more than 200, every member a foe of the Nonpartisan League, which, they were convinced, is a disloyal organization, the mob marched the prisoners on a road leading north from town, a few miles, where the tarring took place. No efforts were made to stop them.

Father To Die.

Ottawa.—Canada's Supreme Court upheld a decision sentencing to death a man who counseled another to kill and giving a jail sentence to the one who actually committed the crime. The Court sentenced Romeo Remillard, who shot and killed Lucien Morissette, to a prison term for manslaughter, while his father, Joseph Remillard, who incited the crime, must go to the gallows. Evidence brought out that the father had suspected Morissette of a love affair with the wife of young Remillard, and counseled the son to shoot him.

Recognition Still Made.

Cambridge, Mass.—War degrees still figure in academic awards at Harvard College. In the announcement that the governing boards of the university had voted to grant degrees to 163 students at mid-years, it was stated that about half of the 87 men given the degree of A. B. were granted it with 25 per cent allowance "for honorable service in the war." A war degree was conferred posthumously on Richard B. Varnum, '21, of Oakland, Cal.

Wreckage Yields Bodies of Firemen.

Richmond, Va.—Five men burned to death, others still were missing and more than 15 were injured in a fire that destroyed two furniture stores on Broad street. Four of the men whose bodies had been recovered were firemen and the fifth had not been identified. The property loss is estimated at half a million dollars.

Union Day Overruled.

Cleveland, O.—City firemen may work more than eight hours if they desire, the Court of Appeals ruled in reversing the decision of Judge Manuel Levine, who held Safety Director Spradley to be in contempt of Court for having permitted members of the department to work more than eight hours a day.

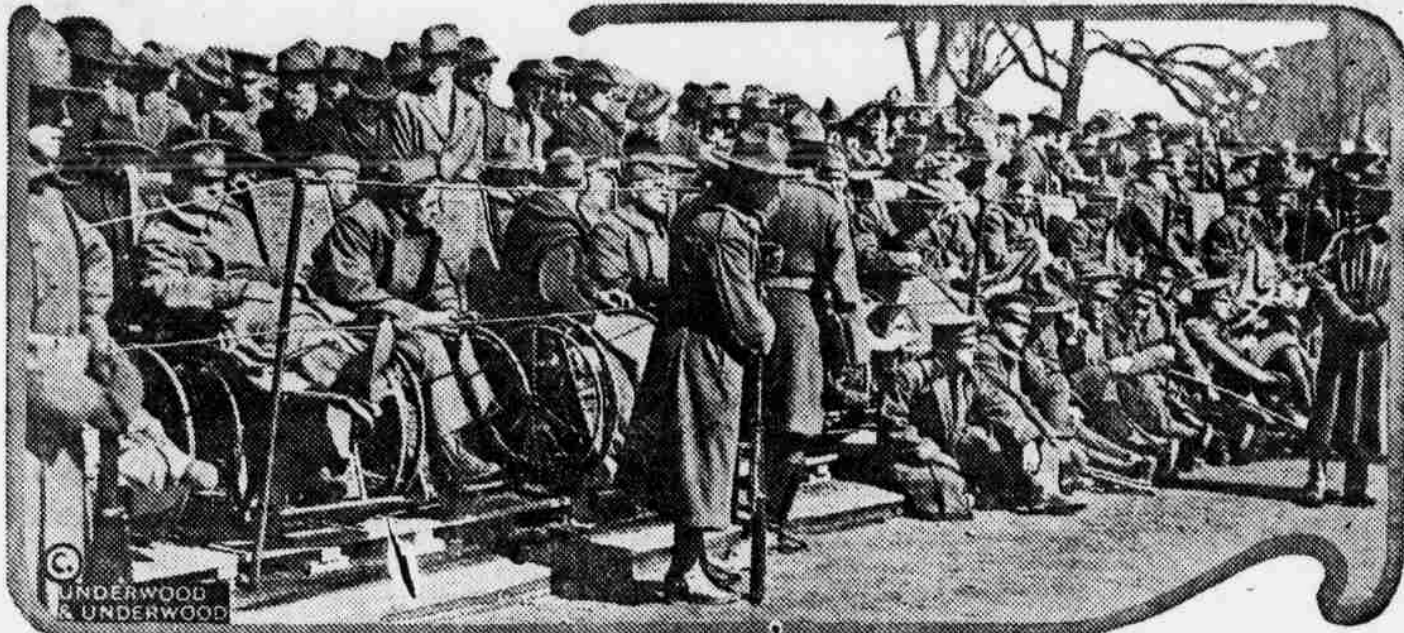
British Ship Abandoned.

New York.—A sailing vessel, believed to be the British ship Frieda E. was abandoned at sea on account of fire, a radio message received here said. The Captain and crew of the burning ship were taken on board the Japanese steamer Hoku Maru, bound for Baltimore, which sent the message.

Bodies of Yanks Arrive.

New York.—The bodies of 1,608 American soldiers who died in France during the World War arrived here on the transport Somme from Antwerp. Five hundred and eighty-seven soldiers who have been serving in the American army on the Rhine, returned on the transport.

Wounded Veterans on Inauguration Day



Wounded ex-service men were given preferential seats at the inauguration of President Harding.

POLICE AND NEGROES CLASH

Troops Guarding Ohio City After Shooting of Officer Precipitate Clashes.

Springfield, O.—Springfield was quiet after a night of race clashes. Fighting on Yellow Springs street was curbed after an hour of unrestrained battle. Two machine gun companies of the Ohio National Guard were in control of the entire city, with tripod guns mounted at City Hall, the Clark County Jail and at corners throughout the negro sections. Motor-trucks carrying machine guns were patrolling the streets, and police, aided by Deputy Sheriffs, had cleared the streets, sending to their homes all persons who could not show plausible reasons for being on the streets. Mayor Burton J. Westcott has issued a proclamation ordering all stores and amusement resorts to be closed.

It was learned that a large number of Springfield's negro population, approximately a fourth of the city, possessed rifles sold by the United States Government a decade and a half ago. These weapons, rejected for army use, were sold in 1905 and 1906, when rioting took place in this city and negroes purchased them in large numbers. The Yellow Springs street fight followed the shooting of Patrolman Joseph Ryan. Ryan was wounded, probably fatally, when he was shot by a negro whom he was searching. According to a young negro arrested soon after Ryan was shot, the officer had ordered a crowd of 10 negroes to disperse when one of the blacks fired. This street is in a negro residence section, and the blacks are said to be increasing in number steadily.

Fur Robberies Cleared Up.

St. Louis.—The arrest of Everett Long, Jr., a mechanic, has cleared up recent robberies of furs valued at \$100,000 from two St. Louis establishments, police announced. Mrs. Long and another woman also were arrested. Long is said to have confessed complicity in the thefts. The police are searching for another man implicated in Long's alleged confession.

To Fight Propaganda.

Cincinnati, O.—Preliminary arrangements for a meeting at Music Hall in the near future to combat alleged German propaganda in the guise of meetings to protest against the occupation of the Rhine district by negro colonial French troops were made by the Hamilton County Council of the American Legion at its headquarters, 431 Walnut street.

Greek Princess Is Bride.

London.—The wedding of Princess Helene of Greece and Crown Prince Carol of Roumania took place in the cathedral in Athens, according to a dispatch to the Central News. The cathedral was crowded with relatives of the bride and groom, members of the Cabinet, diplomats and officers of the army and navy.

Bolsheviks Driven Back.

Riga, Latvia.—Bolshevik forces attempted to reach Kronstadt from Sestoretz across the ice, but were repulsed, according to Moscow advices. Shrapnel broke the ice, and it is reported that 800 of the Bolsheviks drowned. Many wounded have been brought in to Kronstadt.

Next Step Up To Harding.

Washington.—Diplomatic exchanges with the American and Japanese Governments concerning the status of the Pacific cable center at Yap have left the situation unchanged, and it remains for the Harding Administration to dictate the next step.

Steel Mills to Resume.

Pueblo, Colo.—The Colorado Fuel and Iron Company announced that owing to improved conditions in the steel industry 1,000 additional men will be employed, commencing at once. Four idle mills will reopen, running two eight-hour shifts.

AMERICAN CONSUL RECOGNITION WITHHELD

FIUME REFUSES TO CONSIDER
WILBUR KEBLINGER
CREDENTIALS.

Failure of United States to Accept Independent Status of City Is Cause—Orders Awaited.

Triest.—Wilbur Keblinger, American Consul to Fiume, left that city for Triest to await instructions from the State Department at Washington after recognition had been refused by the Fiume Government. Dr. Antonio Grossich, provisional head of Fiume, said to Mr. Keblinger: "We were surprised at this action on the part of your government in asking us to recognize you and protect you when the United States had not recognized us."

Dr. Grossich and Foreign Minister Springetti were very cordial to Mr. Keblinger, saying in effect: "We must assure you that there is nothing personal about this. We know you and gladly would recognize you, and would be honored in having such an esteemed representative as you, but the diplomatic relations existing between our nation and your Government do not permit us to recognize you."

It is learned from the Fiume authorities that Consul Keblinger's instructions from the State Department were that he was to make plain to the Provisional Government that his establishment of a Consulate at Fiume was not to be construed as recognition of the present Government, but that the American Consulate was there ready to carry on consular business, and that, as it sought the permission, recognition and protection of the present authorities, the arrangement was the same as prevailed under the old interallied occupation before Gabriele d'Annunzio's expedition. Mr. Keblinger, who occupied the post when the post-aviator entered, was forced to leave on the flagship Pittsburgh with Rear Admiral Andrews and the Vice Consul. Refusal of Fiume authorities to recognize the Consul ties up the port, so far as American shipments are concerned. No ship can leave Fiume for an American port without a bill of health from the American Consul, and no ship has left the harbor for the American trade since the American Consul withdrew, in 1919. Before the World War Fiume had an enormous trade with America, shipping 3,000 emigrants every month.

General Turns Traitor.

Stockholm.—The newspaper Lyn Inagist Allehand prints from an alleged well-informed source a report that General Budenny, who was marching by order of the Soviet Government from Southern Russia to Moscow, on reaching Orel joined the revolutionaries with his entire army of 120,000 and assisted in the capture of Orel. The report has not been confirmed.

Bond Market Affected.

New York.—Announcement that a block of stolen Liberty bonds worth \$50,000 had been sold for half that price caused District Attorney Lewis, of Kings County, who is conducting an investigation into an alleged bond "ring," to express the opinion that such transactions had forced the regular market price of Liberty bonds during the last two years.

Airedale Is "Newsy."

Washington.—"Laddie Boy" qualified at White House messenger, as well as mascot, carrying morning newspapers to President Harding at the breakfast table. The Airedale has been working on the "stunt" for several days, but this was the first time he went through without a hitch, and he was the proudest pup in Washington in consequence.

REVISION OF RAIL WAGES

Move To Affect Thousands of New York Central Employees.

New York.—The New York Central Railroad announced that, beginning April 16, it would revise downward the wages of approximately 43,000 employees. It was understood that the subsidiary lines, forming a system which employs 174,000 men, or almost one-tenth of the railway workmen in the United States, soon would follow the lead of the parent organization. The subsidiary companies include the Boston & Albany, Michigan Central, Big Four, Pittsburg and Lake Erie & Western, Ohio Central, Zanesville & Western, Kanawha & Michigan, Kanawha & West Virginia, and the Indiana Harbor Belt Railroads.

Eighty-five classifications of employees will be affected by the reduction, and most of these men are members of one or another of the national labor organizations, the company announced. The reductions proposed will be variable, but probably will be based upon the increases of pay granted by the Railway Labor Board's Decision No. 2, made July 20, 1920.

The notification follows closely upon similar notices addressed to all unskilled laborers, numbering 26,000 workers, which was the subject of a conference between officials and employees' representatives, at which the company proposed lower pay for unskilled labor from 48½ cents to 57 cents an hour to from 40 to 45 cents.

Fire Destroys Barracks.

Camp Merritt, N. J.—Six wooden barracks were destroyed on the army reservation here by a fire which broke out simultaneously in all six buildings and apparently was of incendiary origin. Thirty other buildings were damaged, the total loss being estimated at \$40,000. No soldiers have been stationed in the camp for some time. Most of the barracks already had been dismantled by contractors who purchased all the camp structures from the Government some time ago.

Will Visit America.

Athens.—Queen Marie, of Roumania, intends to visit America soon, and she declares she believed King Ferdinand will accompany her, at least as far as New York City. The Queen contemplates a thorough survey of America during her trip. "I hope to be able to remain for three months," she declared, "and I am going to the Pacific Coast and intend to become acquainted with all phases of American life."

Aged Woman Killed.

Jacksonville, Fla.—Mrs. A. Wollenkoff, of Van Wert, Ohio, 70 years old, was killed almost instantly at Pablo Beach by an airplane driven by Monte Rolfe, of Augusta, Ga. Rolfe was attempting to make a landing on the beach and apparently did not see Mrs. Wollenkoff, who was stooping to gather seashells. The plane struck her side and she died a few moments later. A Deputy Sheriff took charge of Rolfe pending investigation of the accident.

Dry Color Plant.

Wilmington, Del.—Construction of the largest dry color plant in the world is being planned by the E. I. DuPont de Nemours & Company, it was announced here. The company is also considering the erection of a new unit in its chain of lithophone plants. It is reported the works will be located at Carney Point, N. J., and eventually will employ in the neighborhood of 20,000 men.

Says Envoy Is On Hand.

New York.—A Mexico City dispatch to the New York American says: A special emissary from President Harding has arrived here to present to President Obregon the conditions upon which the United States will recognize the Government of Mexico, it is reported.

THIS YOUNG MOTHER

Tells Childless Women What
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable
Compound Did for Her

Millston, Wis.—"I want to give you a word of praise for your wonderful medicine. We are very fond of children and for a considerable time after we married I feared I would not have any owing to my weak condition. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and now I have a nice strong healthy baby girl. I can honestly say that I did not suffer much more when my baby was born than I used to suffer with my periods before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound years ago. I give all the credit to your medicine and shall always recommend it very highly."—Mrs. H. H. JANSSEN, Millston, Wisconsin.



How can women who are weak and sickly expect or hope to become mothers of healthy children? Their first duty is to themselves. They should overcome the derangement or debility that is dragging them down, and strengthen the entire system, as did Mrs. Janssen, by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and then they will be in a position to give their children the blessing of a good constitution.

Simple, but Effective.

A woman went to her doctor, complained to him of her husband breaking out into violent tempers, and asked if he could recommend a cure. "The remedy," replied the doctor, "is simple. I have here an excellent water which I give to most of my patients who suffer from the same complaint. Should your husband become violent again, you need only take half a cupful of the water in your mouth and hold it there for a few minutes; the warmer the water becomes in the mouth the more visibly will your husband's wrath melt away. Repeat the dose in very severe cases." The water was ordinary well water. The result was domestic happiness.

Mistakes We Often Make.

There is a proverb which reads — "The man who never made a mistake never made anything else." There is a great deal of truth in that saying. Sometimes we come across one of those perfect individuals who claims never to make mistakes, but more often we find that these very same persons not only make mistakes but very grave ones.

New Source of Paper.

From a mixture of sugar cane refuse and bamboo fiber a Trinidad planter has succeeded in making a paper equal in quality to the best wood pulp product.

The Cuticura Toilet Trio.

Having cleared your skin keep it clear by making Cuticura your every-day toilet preparations. The soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal, the Talcum to powder and perfume. No toilet table is complete without them. 25c everywhere.—Adv.

Ducks don't wear tight skirts—but they walk that way, anyway.

We are none of us above the influence of gain.—Aristophanes.

As One Raised From Dead STOMACH PAINS GONE Eatonic Made Him Well

"After suffering ten long months with stomach pains, I have taken Eatonic and am now without any pain whatever. Am as one raised from the dead," writes A. Percifield. Thousands of stomach sufferers report wonderful relief. Their trouble is too much acidity and gas which Eatonic quickly takes up and carries out, restoring the stomach to a healthy, active condition. Always carry a few Eatonics, take one after eating, food will digest well—you will feel fine. Big box costs only a trifle with your druggist's guarantee.

ASTHMA

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA REMEDY

for the prompt relief of Asthma
and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for it. 25 cents and one dollar. Write for FREE SAMPLES.
Northrop & Lyman Co., Inc., Buffalo, N.Y.

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